

KENNEDY IS THE NOMINEE.

Smith and Phelps Men Go to Him.

WINS ON THE 208TH BALLOT.

The Vote in Detail Stood: Kennedy, 177; Speaker, 100; Grant, 47—The Vote Was Challenged by W. L. Day, Who Claimed That the Ballots Were Not Being Regularly Given—Charge Proved Unfounded—The Nomination Made Unanimous.

Salem, July 24.—James Kennedy, of Youngstown, was nominated as the Republican congressional candidate of this district by the convention on the 208th ballot at 9:45 o'clock this morning. Phelps and Smith both withdrew, and all their delegates went to Kennedy. The ballot stood: Kennedy, 177; Speaker, 100; Grant, 47.

The ballot was challenged by W. L. Day, of Canton, who claimed that full delegations were being voted by partial delegations. The roll call, however, showed this not to be the case. Dr. H. B. Garrigues, of the Smith delegation, could not be found, but his alternate could, and the latter was substituted in his place. On motion of State Treasurer I. B. Cameron, of Lisbon, Chairman of the Columbiana county delegation, the vote was made unanimous.

Phelps withdrew after the second ballot Thursday morning. Twenty-one of his delegates went to Grant, and four to Kennedy. When Smith withdrew all of the Phelps men, with the Smith men, went to Kennedy.

PLEDGES GIVEN TO SMITH.

Salem, July 24.—The pledge of Mahoning county Republicans, it is said, goes to T. Harvey Smith, of Massillon, that he shall receive their unanimous support when next his name comes before a convention in this district. It was in consideration thereof, it is claimed, that Smith withdrew from the race, and his delegates went over to Kennedy.

The convention cast 200 ballots at the Wednesday afternoon and evening sessions. The 200th ballot was the same as the first: Speaker, 99; Kennedy, 89; Smith, 64; Grant, 47; Phelps, 25.

The Thursday morning ballots were as follows: Ballots 201 and 202—Speaker, 100; Kennedy, 92; Grant, 47; Phelps, 21; Smith 64.

Ballots 203, 204 and 205—Speaker, 100; Kennedy, 92; Grant, 68; Smith, 64. Phelps retired.

Ballots 206 and 207—Speaker, 100; Kennedy, 113; Grant, 47; Smith, 64. Ballot 208—Speaker, 100; Kennedy, 177; Grant, 47. Smith withdrew.

D. E. Rogers, of Alliance, who had Phelps' interests in hand, said today: "We did it; the deal was all fixed up this morning." Phelps, it is said, is in line for a good federal job.

SPEECH OF MR. KENNEDY.

Salem, July 24.—Deafening cheers greeted James Kennedy, the nominee, when he was escorted to the stage, immediately after the announcement of the 208th ballot. He said, in part: "Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Convention—You have indeed this day done me a very great honor. It would be a very high compliment to be elected by the Republicans of any congressional district to the congress of the United States, but the Eighteenth district of Ohio brings to a representative in congress some of the prestige of the great men whom I shall succeed, if elected, as I expect to be. I am very proud, gentlemen of the convention, to be thought by you worthy to succeed in his high place the very able, cultured and distinguished gentleman who has presided so gracefully over the deliberations of this convention, who has so endeared himself to you by his faithful services in your behalf that his withdrawal from public life elicited expressions of regret throughout the state, and especially in these three counties. But when I realize that in very truth you have chosen me to take a place once filled by the great hero and martyr of the Eighteenth district, William McKinley, I seem to hear a voice from the mighty past coming to me saying: 'Pat off thy shoes, for the place wherein thou standest is holy ground.'"

Mr. Kennedy then expressed more gratitude, declared he would adhere strictly to the party principles, follow in the steps of McKinley and do everything that he can to further the interests of the district.

"In conclusion," said he, "let us remember that civil governments are entitled to live and endure only in so far as they have a tendency to produce good and true men. I congratulate you upon the fact that the growing and developing youth of this land have before them the example for emulation of Theodore Roosevelt, President of the United States. Again, gentlemen of the convention, I thank you, thank you all very kindly."

THE NOMINEE.

James Kennedy was born September 3, 1853, on a farm near Lowell, Mahoning county. He attended the public schools, and in 1876 was graduated from Westminster college, at Wilmington, Pa. In 1879 he was admitted to the bar, and immediately began practicing law in Youngstown. He is now a member of the law firm of Kennedy & Connell.

Mr. Kennedy is married. He is a son of T. Walker Kennedy, a pioneer of the iron industry of the Mahoning valley. His brother, Julian Kennedy, is a civil and mechanical engineer, prominent in his profession.

YOUNGSTOWN REJOICES.

Judge Kennedy Welcomed With Fireworks Last Night.

Youngstown, O., July 25.—The Mahoning delegation attending the congressional convention at Salem arrived home on a special train at 5 o'clock Thursday evening, and James Kennedy, the congressional nominee, was given an ovation by a large crowd of his fellow citizens.

Carriages were in waiting and, escorted by a platoon of police and two bands of music, with a long procession following, Mr. Kennedy was taken to his residence on West Front street. Last night the city was brilliant with fireworks citizens regardless of party joining in the honor of welcoming the next congressman from the Eighteenth congressional district. In a brief speech Mr. Kennedy warmly thanked the personal and political friends who had aided him in obtaining the nomination.

TOO WET OR TOO DRY.

Crop Conditions Affected by Excessive Rains.

Washington, July 24.—The weekly crop report issued by the weather bureau gives the following general summary:

The lower Missouri and upper Mississippi valleys and Lake region have continued to suffer from excessive rains, which have also interrupted farm work in the Ohio valley, and in portions of the Middle Atlantic states and New England. Much injury to crops and other property has resulted from overflows in Iowa and portions of Illinois, Missouri and Michigan. Drought has been largely relieved in the Southern states, but extensive areas in that section are still much in need of rain, especially the northern portions, extending from Oklahoma eastward to the Carolinas. The temperature conditions as a whole have been favorable, although rather low in the northern Rocky Mountain districts. The north Pacific coast states sustained considerable damage from high winds and the Dakotas and Minnesota from hail storms in scattered localities.

The corn crop has made splendid progress in the states of the central valleys, except in Iowa and limited portions of Missouri and Illinois, the condition of the crop in Iowa being fairly good on well-tilled uplands, but great damage has resulted from floods on the river bottoms of that state and in Northern Illinois. Highly favorable reports are received from Nebraska, Kansas and the greater part of Missouri and Illinois, and a decided improvement in the crop in the Ohio valley is indicated.

Rains have interfered with the harvesting of winter wheat where unfinished in the extreme northern districts, and have also been unfavorable for thrashing in the central valleys. Considerable wheat in shock in the lower Missouri valley has been damaged. Harvesting continues in California and has begun in Oregon, where wheat is filling nicely. The crop in both Oregon and Washington has, however, sustained considerable damage from recent high winds.

Spring wheat has advanced favorably in the principal spring wheat states, but has sustained injury in scattered localities from hailstorms.

Oat harvest is finished in the Southern states and is in progress in the central valleys, and while lodging is extensively reported from the Ohio, upper Mississippi and Missouri valleys, and Lake region the general condition of the crop continues satisfactory.

SCALE FOR THE MACHINE MINERS

Adopted and is Now in Full Force.

BEING POSTED AT THE MINES.

The Scale Was Long in Process of Formation, an Investigation of Conditions in Hocking Valley Being Necessary Before It Could be Made.

District President Robert Legg, of the United Mine Workers, has just posted at mines in the district copies of the scale adopted for the machine miners. More time was required for the forming of this scale than any other ever made for this district. A joint investigation of conditions in the Hocking valley was made by H. L. Leahy, of the Massillon Coal Mining Company, and Mr. Legg, and the scale is based largely on the conditions found in that district. The machine scale is widely different from the hand scale. Hand labor is most common in this district. The new machine scale, which is retroactive back to April 1, 1902, follows:

MACHINE.—Cutting by Jeffrey styles machine rooms, per ton, 9 cents; cutting by Jeffrey styles machine in entries, 12½ cents; cutting by punching machine, in rooms, 13½ cents; cutting by punching machine, in entries, 14½ cents; loading in rooms, per ton, 41 cents; loading in rooms with hand drilling, 44 cents; loading in entries, 51½ cents; loading in entries with hand drilling, 54½ cents; loading break-throughs in entries, entry price; loading break-throughs in rooms, 48½ cents; loading break-throughs in rooms with hand drilling, 51½ cents; drilling by hand, 3 cents; drilling by machine, 2½ cents; room turning, cutter and loader, entry price. Narrow work to be not less than 13½ cents per foot.

BOTTOM, SPRAGS, ETC.—All machines shall be fitted with front shoes not to exceed two and one-half inches in thickness, and the machine men be required to cut coal level and close to bottom; and in no case shall thickness of bottom exceed four inches, except in case of pots or other extreme variation; and all machine men leaving more bottom than above must lift the same, or it shall be lifted at their expense. When coal sticks to top five cents per ton additional to be paid. Where the mine boss or superintendent orders left greater thickness than four inches, the company shall take care of it; and where the bottom left is slate and unmarketable the miner may call the attention of the mine boss to it and endeavor to arrive at an agreement for its removal or retention. If the mine boss and miner fail to reach an agreement as to compensation or otherwise, the matter shall be submitted to the superintendent and mine committee for adjustment. In case of sprags being left by a machine man, he shall be notified by loader, and if he refuses to remove the same the loader shall remove the same and be allowed fifty cents for so doing. The said fifty cents to be deducted from the machine runner. And where any machine runner leaves six or more sprags in any one day, he shall be removed from the machine and his services disposed of as deemed best by the general superintendent.

ROOMS.—All rooms thirty feet wide with two tracks in each room where practicable. Where rooms have to be cut twenty-four feet wide or under to eighteen feet, same shall be paid three cents per ton extra. Not to effect pillars or entries. Each two men shall be given two rooms where practicable.

BLACKSMITHING.—Machine loaders are not to be charged for blacksmithing.

MINE IDLE.—Where there are four men out of cutting or drilling, working after same machine or drill when work is commenced in the morning, and the same is not caused by accident, the mine shall remain idle that day. But in no case shall the mine be stopped before the matter is brought to the attention of mine boss and mine committee, and only on their order.

DOUBLE SHIFT ENTRY.—Twenty-five cents per yard shall be paid for driving double shift entries and break-throughs between entries.

Everybody's liable to itching piles. Rich and poor, old and young—terrible torture they suffer. Only one sure cure. Doan's Ointment. Absolutely safe; can't fail.

ELOPERS IN JAIL.

Mrs. Walzer and George Ecksfeld Held for Grand Larceny.

Canton, July 24.—Mrs. Nellie Walzer and George Ecksfeld, who eloped from Canal Fulton and were captured near Mt. Vernon Tuesday, were brought to Canton and placed in the county jail Thursday morning to await the action of the next grand jury on a charge of grand larceny, preferred by Joseph Walzer, husband of the woman in the case and proprietor of a hotel at Canal Fulton. The papers for their commitment were signed by Mayor A. H. McCadden, of Canal Fulton, and the bond, which they were unable to furnish, was placed at \$500 in each case. They are accused of unlawfully taking and carrying away \$120 in cash, a gold watch valued at \$50 and other property to the value of \$30. Mrs. Walzer is a good looking woman about thirty-two years of age. Ecksfeld is a telegraph operator.

MAD DOG IS BACK.

Returns to Spread Terror Once Again.

NOW WAITING ON THE RABIES.

Animals Bitten by the Dog are Penned Up Till Hydrophobia Symptoms Develop--Wounds are Cauterized, and Cases Now Being Studied Scientifically.

The mad dog which brought out most of the revolvers and guns of the countryside to the southeast, the other day, has been seen in the neighborhood once or twice since, but always when those seeing it were not prepared to shoot. It is a brown bird dog, and nobody knows to whom it belongs.

The cows and hogs which were bitten by the dog have all been penned up to await developments. Two dogs that were bitten have been killed.

Veterinary Surgeon Groff cauterized the wounds of the cattle. He says that if the rabies are to come they will develop within six weeks at most, though, he says, twenty-one days is the usual period.

The reported return of the dog brings terror with it. Mothers are keeping their children well at home, and grown people are not going and coming with the freedom of other times. There is talk of organizing a posse for the purpose of running down the dog.

THE LOCAL MARKETS.

New Wheat Still Seventy Cents a Bushel.

The potato crop this year will be greater than the crops of other years in quality and size. The potato is full, meaty and solid. The crop is enormous and the price in consequence will be low.

Wheat in the local markets is 70 cents. Wheat has dropped several cents in the last few days and it is probable that it may drop lower. The export trade is very light this year and if oats and corn crops are heavy the price of wheat will drop to a very low figure.

DUNLAP MAY RUN.

Has Been Suggested as Congressional Candidate.

Local Democrats think W. J. Dunlap will again be a candidate for the congressional nomination. Mr. Dunlap sought the nomination two years ago, but withdrew in favor of a Youngstown man. Mr. Dunlap is now in the East, so his feeling in the matter is not known, though his friends are confident that he will consent to enter the race. Mr. Dunlap is a glassblower, formerly a national officer of the union, and he lives in South Erie street.

NAVARRE TO NEW PHILA.

Canton-New Philadelphia R. R. Company Incorporated.

Columbus, July 26.—The Canton-New Philadelphia Railway Company was incorporated today with \$600,000 capital. The company will build an electric railway from Navarre to New Philadelphia.

Louisville, O., Aug. 22, 1901.

To Whom It May Concern: This is to certify that I have used Slusser's Gall Cure on all six of my horses and I can heartily recommend same as a sure cure for sore shoulders, etc. Yours respectfully, JOHN B. KAGEY, P. M.

VOTED A SUCCESS.

Popular as Ever Was the Grocers' Picnic.

CHIEF EVENTS OF THE DAY.

The Three Sections of the Excursion Train to Silver Lake Reached Their Destination in Good Time and Without Accident --- Picnickers Dined, Supped, Played Games, Danced and Rowed—Last Train Got Back at 1:15 a. m.

The first of the three excursion trains to Silver Lake, where the Massillon grocers' annual picnic was held on Thursday, pulled out of the Pennsylvania station at 7:02 a. m., seventeen minutes later than the scheduled time. Only one stop was made, the train reaching its destination two and one-half hours later. The second section arrived at 9:50; the third at 10:01. The trains were composed of eleven, twelve and seven coaches respectively. The Harmonia band accompanied the first section, afterwards escorting the picnickers from each train to the picnic grounds.

At 11 o'clock the contests were begun, the first being a potato race, the different contests following in their order:

Boys' potato race—First prize, \$3, won by Tom Richeimer; second prize, \$2, won by Fred Eisenbrei; third prize, \$1, won by George Rambo.

Ball game, grocery clerks vs. country boys—Grocery clerks, 7 runs; country boys 21 runs.

Girls' 50-yard race, under 15 years of age—First prize, \$2, won by May Featheringham; second prize, \$1, won by Ethel Masters; third prize, 50 cents, won by Florence McFerron.

Ladies' wheelbarrow race—First prize, \$3, won by Mrs. Mary Willison; second prize, \$2, won by Mrs. Frank Schworm; third prize, \$1, won by Miss Kitty McFerron.

Pinning the tail on the donkey contest—First prize, \$5, won by J. Miller; second prize, \$3, won by H. Paracott, Jr.; third prize, \$2, won by Frank Slicker; fourth prize, \$1, won by T. W. Sayers; fifth prize, 50 cents, won by Louis Vogt, Jr.

The bowling contest, east side grocers vs. west side grocers—The score of the west side was 526, and that of the east side 437, giving the victory to the west side. The prizes were \$15 to the winners and \$10 to the losers.

The east side attribute their defeat to the fact that W. A. Sonnenhalter, who would otherwise have added largely to their score, was out on the lake while the contest was going on.

The swimming contest was won by Richard Edwards.

The following prizes were won in the ladies' drawing contest: First prize, \$4, won by Miss Estella Bott; second, \$5, Miss Mame Witt; third, \$4, Miss Mary Vogt; fourth, \$3, Miss Anna Milligan; fifth, \$2, Miss Bertha Smith; sixth, \$1, Miss Pauline Holderbaum; seventh, \$1, Miss Mary Ress; eighth, \$1, Mrs. Charles Warth; ninth, \$1, Miss Ethel Vogt; tenth, \$1, Miss Nellie Fleury.

Dinner was partaken of immediately after the wheelbarrow race. Many carried their own lunches and others dined at the Silver Lake hotel. In the afternoon and evening many took advantage of the fine pavilion and orchestra and danced. Most of the picnickers ate supper at about 5:30, after which many of them went rowing. The band made several trips on the steamer and played throughout the trip. At 6:45 p. m. the first section, heavily laden, left the lake. The second section left at 7:20 p. m.

As the Harmonia band, with its twenty members, marched to the train they halted in front of the cottages occupied by Ashland, Alliance, Canton, New Lisbon and Dennison people, and rendered several highly appreciated selections, and Harry Paracott twirled his club to the entire satisfaction of the campers. When the first two sections had left the remaining excursionists returned to the dancing hall where they continued to enjoy the amusement until 10:30 when the last section left.

Comfortably filled, the last section pulled out at exactly 10:30 and arrived in Massillon at 1:15 a. m.

The committee on arrangements is being highly complimented on having handled affairs so thoroughly and so smoothly.

No one would ever be bothered with constipation if everyone knew how naturally and quickly Burdock Blood Bitters regulates the stomach and bowels.

FOUND DEAD IN BED.

Barnett House Visitor Dies of Apoplexy—Canton News.

Canton, July 26.—Vincent Hill, about forty-five years of age, was found dead in his room at the Barnett this morning, death having occurred sometime during the night, from apoplexy. His home is in Middlebranch, where a wife, from whom he has been separated, resides. He has been in Canton for several weeks, having been on a protracted spree.

The state board of health has approved the plans of the Dixon Garbage Crematory Company for the erection of a furnace here and a contract will be let to this firm for the construction of the same. The matter has been agitated for several years. The new furnace will cost about twenty thousand dollars.

TO IMPEACH JUDGE JACKSON.

Miners Preparing to Begin Proceedings.

THE SENTENCE OF J. L. GEHR.

Has Ninety Days in Jail for Contempt of Court—Judge Said if Gehr Had Used Such Language to Any Other Officer He Would Have Given Him a Year.

Indianapolis, July 26.—Miners' officials are preparing to begin proceedings to impeach Judge Jackson at Parkersburg. Their plan is not fully outlined but will be carried out if Judge Jackson on a final hearing refuses to dissolve the injunction. The case will then be laid before the President and Senate.

Oyster Bay, July 26.—The President has received no protest from President Mitchell of the United Mine Workers against the decision of Judge Jackson at Parkersburg. None is expected as the matter can only be reviewed by the courts. Attorney General Knox and Secretary Moody will be here Sunday.

Parkersburg, W. Va., July 26.—Judge Jackson today sentenced John L. Gehr to ninety days in jail for contempt of court. He said if Gehr had used such language about any other officer of the court he would have given him a year, but he overlooked any personal reference and sentenced him only for official insults.

WAS THE FIGHT HONEST?

Letter to Mayor Schmitz Foretells Jeffries' Victory.

San Francisco, July 26.—Mayor Schmitz received a letter before the Jeffries-Fitzsimmons fight, marked: "To be opened after fight." It said the writer had been informed that it was arranged that Jeffries should win in the eighth round. The mayor says that unless this apparent charge is refuted he will prohibit all like contests. Both principals and their supporters, as well as the referee, declare that the fight was honest and that no agreement existed to have Jeffries win. Jeffries' share of the receipts is \$14,346. Fitzsimmons, \$9,664. The club receives \$7,970 out of which it must pay all expenses.

WILL MEET ON KING'S YACHT.

Privy Council at Cowes Today—The King Improving.

London, July 26.—Members of the privy council are going to Cowes today to hold a meeting on board the King's yacht. This is the first time such a meeting has ever been held in such a place. The weather is fine at Cowes. The King passed an excellent night.

SEASON OPEN AUG. 1.

Squirrel and Woodcock Soon to "Come In."

The woodcock and squirrel season opens August 1, and continues for one month. Farmers report that game never abounded hereabouts before as it does this summer, and dealers in guns and ammunition say that the demand for things in their line has already become large, with the prospect that it will be the largest in the history of summer shooting.

There is also a heavy demand for salves, ointments and other things that are supposed to be harmful to mosquitoes. Some hunters smear themselves sticky with vile smelling drugs, claiming that they will nevertheless be troubled by the mosquitoes.

THE INDEPENDENT

THE INDEPENDENT COMPANY,
INDEPENDENT BUILDING,
211 N. Erie Street, - MASSILLON, O.

WEEKLY FOUNDED IN 1888
DAILY FOUNDED IN 1887.
SEMI-WEEKLY FOUNDED IN 1896.

LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE.
BOTH TELEPHONES NO. 60.

THIS EVENING INDEPENDENT IS ON
SALE AT BARNES'S BOOK STORE, BARNES'S
CIGAR STAND (HOTEL CONRAD),
AND BERT HANKIN'S NEWS STAND IN
NORTH MILL STREET.



MONDAY, JULY 28, 1902

The people of Akron are to have a new city hospital. It is to cost \$100,000, an amount already guaranteed, and it is probable that the new structure will be completed within a year. Akron is four times larger than Massillon. One-fourth of Akron's hospital appropriation would be \$25,000. One-fifth of the latter amount would hardly be required to equip an emergency hospital—one of Massillon's greatest needs.

Faithful in its allegiance to the Republican party, Mahoning county has, year after year, rolled up substantial majorities, but although probably abundantly able to do so, it has never had the felicity of furnishing the congressional representative from the Eighteenth district. The time now seems to have come when Mahoning is to meet the just reward of its political virtues. The hour has struck and James Kennedy, of Youngstown, unanimously nominated by the Salem convention, is the man.

"You are here to nominate my successor, and your nominee will as surely be my successor, as that the world shall survive until the next election. Our party is united, our district is stronger in the Republican faith than ever before. Our people were never so prosperous and, therefore, they were never so Republican." These words form a part of Chairman Taylor's prophesy concerning the outcome of this fall's Republican campaign made at the opening of the congressional convention at Salem. Like most of the utterances of our distinguished congressman, they carry conviction with them.

THE FUR SEALS.

During the closing sessions of the recent congress there was a lively contest in committee before a bill was recommended to the House authorizing the killing of the fur seals in Behring Sea, unless a modus vivendi for their permanent preservation is negotiated. The bill did not pass, but the discussion aroused serves a good purpose in commencing the attention of the British government to the lack of regulations against pelagic sealing, which is now practiced almost exclusively by Canadians. The cause of the present dissatisfaction of American public opinion on this question is Great Britain's refusal to join this country, Russia and Japan in making new regulations for the protection of the seals after the expiry of those framed by the Behring Sea Award at Paris in 1893. Those regulations were to be in force five years, so that the sealing season of 1898 was the last to be governed by the provisions of the award. Russia, Japan and the United States in 1897 made a provisional treaty for the abolition of pelagic sealing. Hoping that Great Britain would be a party to the treaty, congress in 1897 passed a law prohibiting the killing of seals in the North Pacific ocean, except as they may be taken by the North American Commercial Company on the Pribyloff Islands; and the importation of seal-skins into the American market was also made practically impossible. Lord Salisbury, however, refused to join in the treaty, thus leaving pelagic sealing wholly in the hands of the Canadians. Americans are thus barred by congress from all pelagic sealing in Behring Sea waters. The destruction of the herds is going on at a rapidly increasing rate. Previous attempts like the bill recently before the House have failed, and the unwisdom of any legislation in the nature of a threat is recognized, though the mere proposal of it may be useful in calling British attention to a very one-sided and unjust state of affairs.

SOME POLITICAL HISTORY

According to certain rules of political fairness Mahoning county was entitled to the recognition which it has obtained in the unanimous nomination of Judge Kennedy by the Salem convention. As a county in the present district it has never had a representative in congress. Some past history in this connection may be interesting.

Congressman Taylor, now retiring after several terms, was preceded by Dr. Ikert, a Democrat, also from Columbiana county. He defeated Thomas Morgan, of Alliance, Stark county,

who was, before his death, a great iron manufacturer. Dr. Ikert was preceded for many years, with the exception of three terms, when Democrats were elected, by the late President McKinley. One of the contests in which McKinley was defeated was the famous fight of 1890, when John P. Warwick, of this city, was elected. The district had then been changed, however, Mahoning and Columbiana being dropped to make way for Holmes and Wayne, Democratic strongholds. The other Democrats to defeat Mr. McKinley were Dr. Wallace, of Columbiana, after a contest in congress, and David R. Paige, of Akron. Both times, however, the district was changed by gerrymandering. In 1892 a Republican legislature re-districted the state putting the Eighteenth back into its old form.

At the next convention Mahoning presented as its candidate Judge E. P. King, of Youngstown, one of the ablest lawyers in Ohio. But Stark captured the nomination with Mr. Morgan, and he was defeated at election, largely as the result of labor difficulties which then swept the country, and in which he was, in a measure, involved. At the next convention Mahoning again had a candidate, but Mr. Taylor was nominated, and he was renominated each succeeding time without opposition. The present vacancy made by Mr. Taylor's resignation has been well filled by the choice of the Republicans at Salem. The district will now see to it that Judge Kennedy is elected by a big majority.

CODE FOR OHIO CITIES.

The following expression of opinion is from W. S. McKinnon, speaker of the Ohio House: I realize that it is going to be very difficult for the General Assembly to adopt any code that would be either satisfactory or suitable for the government of all cities in the state of Ohio. What might be a very satisfactory form of government for our larger cities would be very cumbersome and expensive for those of the smaller cities, and unless I may arrive at a different understanding of what the constitution will permit us to do in its present form, I would strongly favor the adoption of a resolution by the General Assembly, providing for an amendment to our state constitution, which would permit of classification of the different cities, the class to be graded by population; these cities to advance in classification after reaching a certain population, the advancement to take place after each federal census. Or, on the other hand, if the population of any city decrease in any decennial period in sufficient amount it should then take a lower grade. The adoption of such a resolution would not do away with the necessity of enacting some legislation for immediate relief of cities now effected by the decision of the courts.

I would also favor leaving as much as possible of the government of the cities and villages to the local authorities elected by the people, and think that the mayors of the municipalities should have the veto power, believing that this would greatly diminish the passage of evil or poorly considered legislation; also, believing that much bad legislation is enacted through the want of proper consideration, or on account of misrepresentations by interested parties. The mayor when necessary to use this veto power would thus call attention both of the council and of the public to the measure as passed, when if they still considered it wise they could again enact the measure by a two-thirds vote.

ANOTHER AUTHOR IN POLITICS.

Winston Churchill to go to New Hampshire Legislature.

Concord, N. H., July 26.—When the New Hampshire legislature of 1903 meets in this city on the first Tuesday in January, the clerk in calling the roll will say: "Mr. Churchill of Cornish," and the voice which answers "Here" will be that of the author of "Richard Carvel" and "The Crisis."

Last evening Mr. and Mrs. Churchill gave a reception at their beautiful summer residence, Harlakenden House, in Cornish, at which the "city colony," St. Gardens, the sculptor; Maxfield Parish, the artist; L. E. Shipman, the playwright, and others fraternized with the all-the-year-round residents of the town.

At this reception the first official announcement was made that Mr. Churchill will be a candidate at the election in November for the place of representative in the legislature from this town. The announcement was not a great surprise to those present and it was very heartily received, one of the town bosses going so far as to say that not a vote would be cast in opposition to the novelist.

It is hinted that congress is in Mr. Churchill's eye as a not distant possibility of his political career.

Comes Highly Recommended.

Dr. Snell, of the New York and Ohio Electro-Medical Institute is at the Hotel Conrad, where he will remain until Saturday night, August 2. The doctor comes highly recommended by Senator J. B. Foraker's law partner, Judge Miller Outcalt, and Congressman Honk. See his advertisement in another column.

THEY ARE NOW FOR KENNEDY.

Smith Men Accept Their Defeat Philosophically.

A BIT OF CLEVER WORK.

Another Version of the Story of How Smith Outgeneraled Grant—The Delegates Return Thoroughly Tired After the Strenuous Life of the Convention.

The Massillon delegation to the Salem Republican district convention returned Thursday afternoon, thoroughly tired. While all regretted that T. Harvey Smith, Massillon's candidate and the leading candidate of Stark county, did not secure the nomination, there were no expressions of dissatisfaction over the selection of Kennedy.

"It was a good, clean contest," remarked one man, "and we all know that Mr. Kennedy is well qualified for the place. We are for him now just as earnestly as we were for Smith before. If Smith had said the word we'd be in Salem voting yet. Smith did not formally withdraw from the race, but simply by passing the word around had his delegation vote for Kennedy. This was a bit of clever work. It outgeneraled Grant, who, we learn, intended to go to Kennedy himself on the ninth ballot. We thought Phelps' delegation would come to us when it saw fit to break. If it had, Smith would surely have been nominated, for it would have brought others to us. But it seemed that the Phelps men preferred anybody to a Stark county man. Grant men openly expressed themselves as determined never to vote for Smith. That was what forced Smith to swing his vote."

Mr. Smith said this morning that he considers Mr. Kennedy admirably fitted for the duties of a congressman, and that he will have his earnest support. In regard to the story that pledges of support at some future time were given by Mahoning when he cast his votes for their man, he remarked: "There were no such pledges. What was done was done voluntarily and unconditionally."

To attempt to describe the scenes in the convention which followed the nomination of Kennedy would be a difficult task. The Mahoning delegation simply went crazy. Hats, canes, umbrellas and everything movable were tossed into the air, while the delegates were jumping up and down and fairly rending their voices in attempting more noise. It was fully ten minutes before Chairman Taylor could make himself heard even by the most vigorous pounding with his gavel. Staid old business men, dignified politicians and men in all walks of life, performed such antics as would have caused terror in the hearts of friends, could they have witnessed the scene. For fifteen minutes one could see nothing but waving arms, legs, hats, canes, etc. Then when order was partially restored it was announced that the Stark vote had been challenged because the delegation was incomplete. This necessitated a poll of the Stark delegation. This was quickly done and the vote confirmed.

Chairman Taylor then announced that the proper number of votes had been cast and it was his duty to announce the selection by the Eighteenth district of James Kennedy as the Republican candidate for congress. Motions of gratitude, etc., were quickly tendered the Salem committee for the treatment received during the convention and then the successful candidate was brought upon the stage, accompanied by the defeated men. Speeches were made and the convention adjourned sine die.

The Mahoning delegation scattered badges around and soon everybody was wearing a Kennedy badge and pledging support for the fall campaign. The unsuccessful candidates seemed to take their defeat philosophically, and were foremost in tendering their support to Kennedy. The Phelps delegation takes upon itself the honors for first having made the break which resulted in the final vote, while the Smith men of Stark are credited with having cast the winning ballot, and are consequently elated over the possibilities of receiving the federal plums which will eventually be distributed. Grant men are rather taken aback at the bringing to naught of their plans and the consequent confusion which results in a miscarriage of plans.

Speaker men seemed well satisfied over the selection and were quick to offer a unanimous vote for Kennedy. The delegations left Salem Thursday afternoon. The Youngstown men

left at 2:30 and the Stark men at 3:58, while the Speaker men, who had mostly driven from surrounding towns, were the first off the field of battle.

NEARBY TOWNS.

DALTON.

Dalton, July 26.—Miss Della Horn is visiting Massillon relatives.

Miss Ada Baughman is visiting her mother in East Main street.

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Hall, of Orrville, visited John Wertz's residence Wednesday.

Mrs. J. H. Cully, of Cleveland, is visiting relatives in Dalton and vicinity this week.

Miss Myrtle Culp and Miss Mary Hoover, of Burton City, visited Dalton friends Wednesday.

Carl Roebuck, of Columbus, O., is spending a ten days' vacation with his father at this place.

Mrs. Will E. Slusser, of Akron, is visiting Dalton relatives this week, the guest of E. F. Scott.

H. R. Ingard and family, of Wooster, were at the home of the Rev. W. H. Hubbell Wednesday.

Mrs. Henry Bowers and the children, of Massillon, were guests of Frank Welty Wednesday.

B. B. Baughman, of Canton, O., chief train dispatcher of the W. & L. E. railway, spent Sunday with Dalton relatives.

T. C. Hunsicker, of Williamsport, O., cashier-elect of Dalton's new bank, arrived in town Wednesday.

Miss Maggie Swihart, of New Philadelphia, is visiting her sisters, Lula and Susie, at the Central hotel.

Frank Wright, of Cleveland, visited with his sister, Mrs. William Bevard, and other Dalton friends the past week.

Messrs. Harry and Joe Stinson visited Barborton relatives and friends Sunday, the guests of Mrs. Francis McElhinney.

Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Fletcher and Mrs. Isa Fletcher, of Wooster, visited several days last week with James and John Snyder of this place.

Mrs. Henry Houghton and Miss Oda Hawk, visited several days the first of the week with Mrs. Houghton's daughter, Mrs. Homer Keplinger, at Canal Dover.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Jabas, of Massillon, visited with Dalton friends Sunday. Mrs. Jabas' health is much improved her many friends will be glad to learn.

Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Arick visited Doylestown relatives Sunday. Mrs. Arick remained a few days to look after the wants of her young grandson.

Supt. E. S. Landes was in town on a short visit Monday morning. He contemplates a visit to Colorado between this and the date school will open.

Prof. R. A. Leisy, superintendent of schools, Georgetown, Col., was the guest of his father-in-law, J. Cheyney and family of Sugar Creek valley, last Wednesday and Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Wecht and daughter, of Akron, Byron Buchanan, of Chicago, Mr. and Mrs. Martin Brenner, of Massillon, were Sunday guests at M. Wecht's.

CANAL FULTON

Canal Fulton, July 25.—Miss Payne Bankard, of Massillon, was the guest of Miss Anna Williard at the Reformed parsonage this week.

Evan Evans, of Detroit, Mich., arrived in town Saturday for a week's visit with Fulton relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Julius Stone, of Massillon, spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Stone.

Mr. and Mrs. Aaron Swigart, north of Nimisla, were Sunday visitors at the home of Peter Scholl, north of town.

Miss Clara Stover, of Akron, visited with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Stover, south of town, Sunday.

The laying of pipe has been commenced by the Fulton Water Works Company. The work has been much delayed by the recent rain.

Miss Effie Simson, of the high school class of '96, was married to J. J. Robb, of Pittsburgh, July 16, 1902. After September 1 they will reside in Allegheny.

R. S. Hardgrove, of the Massillon Telephone Company, came over from Massillon Saturday to repair damage done local telephones by the lightning Friday night.

The Rev. Mr. Wolfinger, of Lima, has been engaged to preach in the Reformed church next Sunday. He comes highly recommended as a fine preacher and a successful minister.

William Shallenberger, of Pittsburgh, is visiting relatives at this place. Mr. Shallenberger recently sustained a slight injury by being struck by a piece of steel in the factory in which he is employed.

Miss Eva Krcer was among the guests at a dinner given by Azariah Shorb, at Massillon, for the employees of the Massillon Telephone Company, Friday evening. Mr. Shorb is a lineman employed by the company.

The rains of the week have greatly interfered with the harvesting and the haying. In some cases the farmers worked in the rain to get their crops under roof.

Mrs. Logan Porter entertained a number of ladies at dinner on Thursday of last week. A farewell to Miss

Mary Campbell, who left for Orrville, where she will be the guest of Dr. and Mrs. A. B. Campbell.

Charles G. Smith, of Cleveland, representing the Cleveland Elevator Bucket Company, was a business visitor in Fulton Tuesday. Mr. Smith was at one time a Cleveland newspaper man, and made frequent visits to Fulton.

The lower Tuscarawas river bridge has been declared unsafe. The county commissioners have notified Mayor McCadden that they will come over some day and take a look at it. They promise repairs. They also promise that the new stone bridge will be paved in the fall.

The Misses Helen and Vesta Shoemaker and Frank Shoemaker drove to Fulton Sunday. They were accompanied by Miss Helen Wallace, of Cleveland, who has just concluded a pleasant Massillon visit, and who is now visiting her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Easley.

NEW BANK BUILDING.

Dalton, July 26.—Excavations are now being made for the new brick building which will be erected on Main street by S. J. Goudy. The building will be built of brick and will be two stories high. S. J. Goudy will occupy one of the two store-rooms and Thomas McDowell's grocery store the other. It will be completed some time in September.

George Limbeck was operated on for appendicitis yesterday at Akron. He is reported as doing well.

OBITUARY.

JOHN VANCE SQUIRES.

John Vance Squires died last week at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Vanvorhis, near Osnaburg, at the age of 88 years, 2 months and 15 days, after an illness of a few days. The deceased was one of Stark county's pioneers and was the father of Jacob, Jerry and George Squire, formerly contractors of Massillon, and had lived in Stark county since he was two years of age, coming here from Beaver county, Pa., where he was born in the year 1814. Since coming to Ohio he held many offices of trust and had been a faithful christian all his life. He was married to Mary Long near North Industry, June 10, 1838. Of this union there were five children, four sons and one daughter, William, Jacob and Jeremiah, now deceased. George W. and Margaret survive him. His wife died at North Industry on January 10, 1862. After the death of his wife he went to Pinn, O., where he lived a short time, and then going to Mapleton, O., where he lived until the death of his second wife in 1889. After this he made his home with Peter Vanvorhis, near Mapleton, O., and visiting the rest of his children at intervals as he so desired. He was left when quite a child an orphan, his father having been killed while engaged on one of Perry's vessels in 1812.

DROVE TO FULTON.

Local Odd Fellows Visit Brethren Elsewhere.

A party of Massillon Odd Fellows went to Canal Fulton in carriages Friday evening to attend a meeting of the order of that place. It had been arranged that the Massillonians should officiate at the installation of the newly elected officers of the Fulton lodge, but owing to a misunderstanding all of the officers-elect were not present, so this ceremony was postponed. Instead, the Massillon team officiated at the initiation of a candidate for membership. Following the meeting refreshments were served. The Massillon Odd Fellows were: Tobias Schott, district deputy grand master, accompanied by John Kitt, Charles Stevens, Christian Schott, Ranals Hardgrove, Philip Diefenbacher, Edward Bullock, Henry Angerman, Jacob Hollinger, W. E. Boyle, W. W. Martin, W. L. Decker, Henry Karcher, Fred. Hiesler, Robert Gow, B. B. Miller, F. L. Boerngen and George M. Higginbotham.

The Massillon Market.

The following prices are paid by Massillon merchants today:

GRAIN, HAY, STRAW AND WOOL.	
Wheat.....	78
Loose hay, new per ton.....	\$6-97
Loose hay, old.....	\$3-89
Baled hay.....	\$10-11
Straw, per ton.....	\$5-20 6 00
Corn.....	70
Oats.....	45-46
Clover Seed.....	5 00
Salt, per barrel.....	8 1 00
Timothy Seed.....	2 00
Rye, per bu.....	56
Barley.....	50
Flax seed.....	1 50
Wool (best medium).....	18-20
Wool (fine).....	12-14

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.

Potatoes, (new) per bushel.....	85-40
White beans.....	1 75
BUTTER, EGGS AND POULTRY	
Butter.....	16-18
Eggs (fresh).....	16
Spring Chickens.....	20-25

MEATS AND CHEESE.

Ham.....	11
Shoulder.....	08
Cheese.....	12-18
The following are retail prices:	
Bras, per 100 lbs.....	1 10
Middlings, per 100 lbs.....	1 20

Women as Well as Men Are Made Miserable by Kidney Trouble.



Kidney trouble preys upon the mind, discourages and lessens ambition, beauty, vigor and cheerfulness soon disappear when the kidneys are out of order or diseased. Kidney trouble has become so prevalent that it is not uncommon for a child to be born afflicted with weak kidneys. If the child urinates too often, if the urine scalds the flesh or if, when the child reaches an age when it should be able to control the passage, it is yet afflicted with bed-wetting, depend upon it, the cause of the difficulty is kidney trouble, and the first step should be towards the treatment of these important organs. This unpleasant trouble is due to a diseased condition of the kidneys and bladder and not to a habit as most people suppose.

Women as well as men are made miserable with kidney and bladder trouble, and both need the same great remedy. The mild and the immediate effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It is sold by druggists, in fifty-cent and one dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling all about it, including many of the thousands of testimonial letters received from sufferers cured. In writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., be sure and mention this paper.

THE INDEPENDENT CO. will print you anything you need in the line of job work.

THEY ARE HERE

—IN—
Massillon, Ohio,

The Most Eminent Specialists in America are in our city and will remain until . . .

Saturday Night, Aug. 2 '02

SIX DAYS ONLY!

And will receive patients while here at the parlor of the

HOTEL CONRAD.



DR. SNELL and STAFF

—OF THE—

New York and Ohio Electro-Medical Institute are visiting a few of the principal cities of our country. This being their advertising trip, and to introduce their new system of curing disease, they will give consultation, examination, advice and all medicine necessary to complete a cure FREE. All patients taking advantage of this offer will be expected to state to their friends the results obtained.

Don't fail to call on these renowned specialists. All diseases of men and women treated. No matter what your disease may be or of how long standing, there is no experimenting or guesswork; you will be told whether you can be cured or not.

They have an entirely new and original method of treating all kinds of deafness which has restored the hearing to hundreds after they had been pronounced incurable. Catarrh in all its varied forms cured so it will never return, by breaking up the cold-catching tendency.

*If you have weak lungs or consumption, and have been told you are beyond help, don't fail to call on them and have a thorough examination, as a visit will cost you nothing and may save your life.

Their new discovery of absorbing medicine by electricity, in paralysis, loss of power, rheumatism and all diseases of the nervous system is a godsend to suffering humanity. Medical men stand appalled at the marvelous cures that are being effected wherever this system has been introduced. Thousands who have given up all hope of ever being cured have now an opportunity of a lifetime to consult, without charge, Specialists of a national reputation. Remember, their knowledge of medicine, combined with electricity, gives them control of disease that others do not possess. If you are hard of hearing, are lame, or cannot walk, this new system will cure you quickly.

*If you suspect kidney trouble, bring a two-ounce vial of your urine for a chemical and microscopic analysis.

If you are improving under your family physician do not come and take up our valuable time. Idlers and curiosity-seekers will please stay away.

*Cancers, Tumors, Ulcers, all blood, skin and scalp diseases cured by an entirely new method. Piles and Varicocele cured in from 5 to 30 days without the knife.

Remember, not one penny will be charged for all the medicine required to complete a cure, to all those taking treatment during this trip.

Office hours, 9 a. m. to 7:30 p. m.

GOD'S HOLY WORD.

Inspired and Inerrent, So
Young People's Christian
Union Declares.

AGAINST DEBASING SABBATH

By Engaging In Business Pursuits or
Seeking After Pleasure—Denounced
"Wide Open" Policy In Some Cities.
Convention Closed Last Night.

Tacoma, Wash., July 26.—Yesterday was the closing day of business with the convention of the Young People's Christian Union. The committee on resolutions submitted a report, which was adopted. The committee recommended the preparation and publication in the paper of the union of a course of systematic studies of foreign missions, to be used once a month as optional subjects, instead of the regular subject during the year 1903; it condemned all Sunday pleasure and business which debase the Sabbath, and denounced the tendency toward what was called a "wide open" policy in city affairs, especially in western towns.

A resolution was adopted declaring "unswerving adherence to the historical belief of the Protestant church, in the verbal inspiration and inerrancy of God's Holy Word."

Last night there was a song service and an address on "Unconquered Kingdoms," by Rev. Mr. Watson, of St. Louis.

FRIARS DEFENDED.

ERRORS OF FEW SHOULD NOT
CONDEMN ALL.

Resolutions Adopted by Augustinians,
at Villa Nova, and Presented
to President.

New York, July 26.—The Rev. J. O'Reilly, of Lawrence, Mass., made public yesterday the resolutions adopted by the quadrennial chapter of the Augustinian order at Villanova, Pa., July 16, and presented to President Roosevelt yesterday at Sagamore Hill. The priests in attendance at the meeting at which the resolutions were adopted represented the Augustinians of the United States and Cuba. The resolutions were in part:

"Resolved, That we, deploring the seeming disposition of our government to discredit the services of the friars in the Philippines, do regard any hindrance to the legitimate exercise of their labors as a serious menace to the civil and moral well being of the people of these islands, an unwarranted precedent fraught with peril to the Catholic church in the United States, a grave violation of the treaty of Paris and a fatal departure from the time honored American principle of separation of church and state.

"Resolved, That we protest against the general condemnation of the friars for what may have been the errors of individual members of their body, and demand for them that same measure of justice and protection which is so truly accorded all other persons and corporations under the jurisdiction of the United States."

SPALDING MAY BE ARCHBISHOP.

First Choice of Conferences of Bishops and Priests, in Chicago.

Chicago, July 26.—The Most Rev. John Lancaster Spalding, bishop of Peoria, was selected by both priests and bishops in their respective conferences Thursday as the dignissimus or most worthy aspirant to the archiepiscopal see of Chicago, made vacant by the death of Archbishop Feehan. The choice of both conferences for the place of dignior, or more worthy nominee, fell to the Most Rev. Peter J. Muldoon, auxiliary bishop of Chicago. The choice for the dignus, or the worthy candidate, was the Most Rev. James E. Quigley, bishop of Buffalo, and one of the three men whose names are before the vatican as candidates for the see made vacant by the death of the late Archbishop Corrigan, of New York.

It was reported, however, that this choice had not been concurred in by the suffragan bishops at their conference and that another name was given the third place on the list prepared by them, thus making a total of four candidates who will be recommended to Rome. Report had it that Archbishop Ryan, of Alton, was the selection made by the bishops.

Shaw Visited Oyster Bay.

Oyster Bay, N. Y., July 26.—Secretary of the Treasury Shaw arrived at Sagamore Hill last evening in the revenue cutter Gresham from New York. As Secretary Shaw left the Gresham the war yacht Mayflower fired a salute of 17 guns in his honor. The secretary proceeded at once to Sagamore Hill, where he was welcomed cordially by the president. He will remain until today, meanwhile discussing with Mr. Roosevelt some pending departmental affairs.

It was announced last night that the secretary of the navy would arrive today.

PANAY NATIVES EVER DISLOYAL.

Major Glenn Said He Found All Hostile and Believed They Always Would Be.

Washington, July 26.—Copies of Manila papers received at the war department contain the defense of Major Edwin F. Glenn, who was tried by court martial on the charge of having administered the water cure to Filipino natives. Major Glenn, in his plea, said in part:

"I found very soon after my arrival in Panay that every man's hand was against us; that every man, woman and child in the island was an enemy, and in my best judgment they are today, and always will be. Practically every president and other official have been playing double. They organized and were the active members of secret societies, known as the katipunan, etc., whose avowed objects were to advance the cause of 'Independencia' in any and all ways, and under this high sounding phrase they have made use of every means forbidden to them by the laws of war. These men of peace have actually waged war by killing straggling American soldiers. They have made use of poison in the drinks sold to American soldiers. They have poisoned their arrows and the tips of their spears and bolos, together with the lamboo tips placed in the deadly traps that abounded on the trails. They have hired assassins to kill those who were even suspected of being friendly to the Americans, and likewise have endeavored to have our American officers assassinated. They openly stated in the island of Bobol that they would gladly sacrifice 20 natives for every American officer assassinated. They employed corps of assassins, who, under the name of ducot, mandoducot or sandatahan, spread death and terror in their wake."

NUNS DEFY FRENCH LAW.

Refuse to Ask for State Authorization For Their Association or Leave the Country.

Paris, July 26.—In compliance with Premier Combes' circular ordering the enforcement of the law of associations, the commissioner of police yesterday went to the convent in Rue Saunt Maur, where Tuesday's clerical demonstration occurred. The sisters, who have not complied with the new law, which requires that they ask for authorization or leave the country, refused to open the door, but held the conversation with the commissioner through an upper window. They told the commissioner that they would not obey the order to evacuate.

The commissioner then retired amid cries by the sisters of "Vive liberte!"

A Socialist crowd which had collected in the street responded with a cry of "Down with the priests!"

The sisters then displayed from the window a white calico streamer, on which was inscribed in black letters, "Liberty is dead!"

A serious situation prevailed in the Catholic country around Brest, on account of the closing of the unauthorized schools. The countryside had taken up arms and was determined to resist any attempt at the forcible execution of the orders of the premier.

A Reporter Mobbed by Mistake.

An incident Thursday evening at Sainte-Meen, 18 miles from Brest, showed the spirit of the peasantry. Two newspaper men of Brest drove there in an automobile to investigate the situation at the Sisters' school. Immediately after they had entered the commune, a boy sounded a bugle and crowds of peasants swarmed from the fields, armed with pitchforks and ironbound sticks, shouting:

"Long Live the Sisters!" "Long Live Liberty!"

One of the reporters was dragged from the automobile and he was beaten with pitchforks and sticks. The newspaper man explained in the Breton dialect that he had only come in search of information, but the crowd refused to listen to him and the reporter had to keep them at bay with a revolver. He succeeded in regaining the automobile and drove off at full speed, followed by a shower of stones.

A school at Ploudaniel, in the same neighborhood, was converted into a fortress, barricades having been erected and the inhabitants had formed a cordon about the surrounding area. The Lady Superior said:

"You see our barricades. They must shoot us before we yield. There will be bloodshed if anyone attempts to enter."

Placards were posted in the townships urging resistance to the police.

FINE NEW PENNSY TRAINS.

Equipment Ordered For Limited and 20-Hour Train.

Chicago, July 26.—The management of the Pennsylvania railroad decided to provide new equipment throughout for the trains of the Pennsylvania limited and the Pennsylvania special. The latter is the new 20-hour train between Chicago and New York. The cost of the new equipment will be in the neighborhood of \$1,300,000, and the order was being executed by the Pullman company.

Officials of the Pullman company have been given instructions to rush the work, and it was expected that the coaches will be ready for delivery in about eight weeks.

The order requires the building of 52 cars. For each service four trains will be provided. Only three of these are required for actual service, but a fourth train will be kept in reserve for emergencies.

WELCOME TO BRYAN.

Given by Bangor Democrats
Must Have Pleased Him.

SENATOR CARMACK WITH HIM.

They and Gould and Hamlin Were
Received With Tremendous Applause by the Audience Last Night.
Warm Welcome at Other Places.

Bangor, Me., July 26.—William Jennings Bryan came to Bangor for the first time yesterday and received a welcome from the Democrats of this city and the surrounding country that must have been gratifying to him. He was accompanied from Augusta by S. W. Gould, of Skowhegan, Democratic candidate for governor of Maine; United States Senator Carmack, of Tennessee; Charles S. Hamlin, of Boston, and several other prominent Democrats. Last night the Auditorium was well filled long before the speakers arrived. Thomas White presided and the speakers were S. W. Gould, Charles S. Hamlin, Senator Carmack and Mr. Bryan, who were received with tremendous applause.

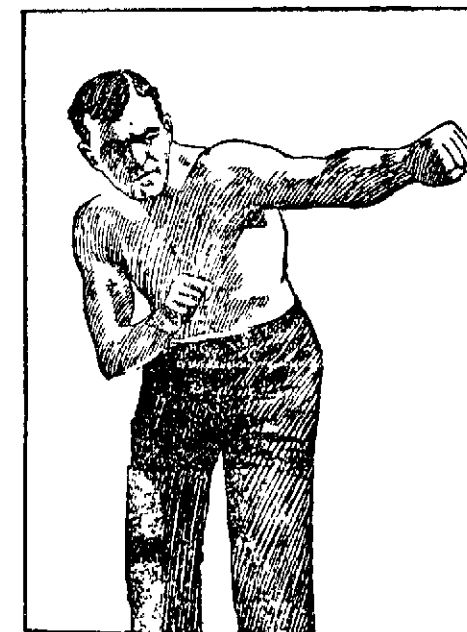
Mr. Bryan and Senator Carmack were also well received, yesterday, at Rockland, Augusta and Bath.

THE CHAMPION WON.

KNOCKED OUT FITZSIMMONS IN
EIGHTH ROUND.

Jeffries Punished So Severely That
Spectators Had Concluded Cornishman Would Win.

San Francisco, July 26.—After fighting a battle of eight rounds that was fraught with brilliant and courageous work, Robert Fitzsimmons last night forfeited his last claim upon the heavyweight championship. He was knocked to the floor by James Jeffries and counted out after he had so



JEFFRIES' MIGHTY LEFT.

badly punished the champion that it was a foregone conclusion among the spectators that the Cornishman must win. Bleeding from a number of gashes in the face, apparently weakening, and clearly unable to cope with Fitzsimmons' superior skill, Jeffries delivered two lucky punches as Fitzsimmons paused in his fighting to speak to him, and turned the tide.

The final round was as follows: Eighth Round — Bob stood up straight, feinting with his left and crawling Jeffries on. Jeffries smiled through his bloody features, ducking a left swing and landing a hard left on the ribs. They went at it, Fitzsimmons putting left on face and took one on the head. Fitzsimmons missed a right and took a stiff punch on the body. Jeffries forced the fighting at this stage, crouching low and carrying his right high and left far back. They came together and clinched. As Fitzsimmons stepped back he smiled and spoke to Jeffries, and before he could get out of reach Jeffries quickly hooked his left to stomach, followed by left to jaw, and Fitzsimmons went down on his back. He came up slowly, but before he could get upon both feet the referee counted 10 and the fight was over.

WARS COST VAST SUM.

But Hicks-Beach Said England Borrowed on Easy Terms.

London, July 26.—Sir Michael Hicks-Beach was the guest last evening of the lord mayor and city bankers and merchants at a farewell dinner at the Mansion house. In an address dealing with national finance the chancellor said that the Chinese and South African wars had cost Great Britain £228,000,000, of which amount the taxpayers have already willingly contributed £75,000,000.

The expenditure has been borne without serious injury to commerce and £150,000,000 had been borrowed on easy terms, which Great Britain's continental neighbors envied, but could not imitate. Next year, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach said, he looked for a remission of taxation, and he warned his hearers against the constant growth of national expenditure, urging that preparations ought to be made for a day of adversity, and that the revenue, though increasing, should not be impaired in times of peace.

MAY REVEAL CAUSE TODAY.

Believed Inspector Ross Will Give
Inspectors' Theory of Johnstown Disaster.

Johnstown, Pa., July 26.—The coroner's inquest into the Rolling Mill mine disaster draws to a close. Today will probably see the last of the testimony. Inspector Evans will be called first, and it is believed that Inspector Ross will follow and give the theory of the explosion held by the mine inspectors.

The most important testimony given yesterday was that of Superintendent George T. Robinson and Mining Engineer Marshall G. Moore. Superintendent Robinson said the officials knew there was gas in some parts of the Klondike section for several weeks, but every precaution was taken to prevent accident. The men were enjoined to use safety lamps and danger signals were properly placed. In his opinion the explosion took place in room No. 2, sixth right heading. It was at this point that a miner was found with his head blown off.

"To the best of my knowledge," said Superintendent Robinson, "bodies were found as follows: Two in second and third right, and Retalack, who has since died; 11 in fourth right, 33 in sixth right, 30 dead and 5 alive in fourth right, 4 in seventh right, and the balance in entries from seventh right heading up to entrance to Klondike, scattered all along."

In reply to a direct question as to the cause of the explosion Engineer Moore said:

"My theory of the cause of the explosion is that some one on the sixth heading side of the fall was working with a naked light and lit the gas. The safeties were not blown where found; they had been put there before the explosion. I believe the gas on this fall was not at its most explosive point, which caused the large amount of carbonic oxide gas that suffocated the men so quickly."

Seven witnesses were examined yesterday. An immense amount of testimony has been taken and it can not be stated when a verdict will be rendered.

EVICCTIONS COMMENCE MONDAY.

Notice Posted in Kanawha and New River Fields—Hearing to Commence Today.

Charleston, W. Va., July 26.—Charleston was crowded with strikers from Loup creek, who were here to attend the trial of President Richards and others, who were charged with having violated the injunctions issued by Federal Judge Keller, some time ago. The trial was to have commenced yesterday, but a wreck on the Norfolk and Western railroad prevented Judge Keller reaching here.

Affairs in the coal district were quiet yesterday. Second in interest to the trial of Richards and his associates was the eviction of strikers occupying company houses, which was to commence next Monday. This notice was posted yesterday at all mines in the Kanawha and New River fields: "All persons desiring to work in the mines at the same places and under conditions prevailing June 7, 1902, must report to the mine boss ready for work Monday morning, July 28. All persons who refuse to work on that day must call at the office, settle their accounts, get their pay, if anything is due them, and quit the respective companies' premises."

The operators decided to take this action simultaneously.

TERRIFIC ELECTRICAL STORMS.

Tales of Damage in Certain Pennsylvania Counties.

Harrisburg, July 26.—Terrific electrical storms swept over the city and county early yesterday morning and considerable damage was done by rain, hail and wind and lightning bolts. Half a dozen barns were hit in Dauphin county Thursday night and from Perry, Cumberland and Lebanon come tales of the damage wrought by the lightning. The barn of Mrs. Daniel Smith, near Linglestown, was struck and considerably damaged, while that of Cornelius Reese, southeast of Linglestown, was burned, the contents being saved.

The barn of Michael Cassel, in Hackert's Gap, was set on fire by a bolt, and the barn on the Haines farm, tenanted by James Andrews, was struck and partially shattered. In Perry county the house of J. Storrs in New Bloomfield, was struck and a chimney demolished, while near Newport there were two barns hit and the large structure on the Jerome Toomey farm was burned.

Hail fell in all four counties, the fall rain Progress and Paxtang being noticeable.

Out of Proportion.

Benham—I try to believe the Bible, but I find that story of the ten virgins, five of whom were wise and five foolish, a little perplexing.

Mrs. Benham—What's the matter with that?

Benham—Judging from the women I have known, the proportion of foolish ones was altogether too small.—New York Times.

As if It Were Possible.

Claribel—I wonder what that creature meant?

Laurie—What creature?

Claribel—Why, Trentworth, of course. When I told him everybody said I was improving in my singing, he said he was delighted to hear it. The ideal—Stray Stories.

TRADE CROWS STRONGER.

Owing to Confidence That Crops Will
Be All Right, Says Dun's
Review.

New York, July 26.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade, issued today, said in part:

Each day brings the agricultural products of the nation nearer maturity, and as the possibility of any serious injury becomes smaller, the feeling of confidence in fully sustained trade grows stronger. Storms destroyed much property in some sections, and the prompt restoration of structures added to the activity of building trades. Railway stocks rose to new high record quotations and gold was exported, yet money ruled easy. July oats succeeded corn as the leading speculative cereal, but all distant grain options tended lower as the outlook improved. The heavy distribution of merchandise is shown by railway earnings, thus far reported for July 25 per cent larger than last year and 20.0 per cent in excess of the corresponding period of 1900.

Insufficient fuel is the one serious difficulty in the iron and steel industry, interruptions and delays from this cause becoming more noticeable each day. Supplies of coal are curtailed by the strike, although coke ovens are making new records of production. Shipments are retarded by the car and motive power shortage. In a market where there is comparative dullness because deliveries cannot be made promptly the outlook for long continued activity seems favorable, especially as scarcity of fuel cannot continue a factor indefinitely.

New lines of men's woolen and worsted fabrics are opened slowly, the most important goods not yet appearing. Quotations are unchanged, with the tone steady and raw material in better demand.

There was less activity in the speculative markets for the leading cereals, yet prices were fairly well maintained. Meats were somewhat weaker on larger receipts and smaller export buying.

Failures for the week numbered 208 in the United States, against 198 last year, and 17 in Canada, against 28 last year.

VERY HEAVY DEALINGS

In High-Priced Stocks, Yesterday.
Violent Price Movements.

New York, July 26.—Violent price movements and very heavy dealings in some of the prominent high-priced stocks were the characteristics of yesterday's stock market. There was large realizing at intervals, both in the stocks which were moved upwards yesterday and in others which had previously advanced. The industrials and low-priced railroad stocks played only a small part in the market, the high-priced standard stocks traversing all portions of the country being in the van of all the day's movements. The grangers, the Pacifics, the southern trunk lines and the eastern trunk lines all had their turn in the day's activities. The bulls had the advantage of continuing satisfactory conditions of the crops, of industrial activity and of the money market, but the effective factors in the day's trading were rumors of great financial operations looking to the harmonizing and consolidating of control of the great railroad systems of the country. All of these were more or less vague and none of them was accorded open or official sanction. An incident of the day was the fierce raid on Western Union, which forced it down over three points by half point drops. The stock closed at a rally of a point. The market closed very irregular, but with a few stocks at the top.

NEGROES WERE LEAVING SECTION

Third Negro Followed by Mob and Shot, South of Elkins, West Virginia.

Womelsdorff, W. Va., July 26.—Here the two negroes lynched here Thursday for murdering Policeman Wilmoth, Woodman, a third negro, was followed by a mob and shot to death in the swamps, 25 miles south of Elkins, yesterday. After ridding his body, the mob threw it into the Cheat river. Negroes were leaving this section.

Miner to Be Sentenced Today.

Parkersburg, W. Va., July 26.—John L. Gehr, of Colorado, an organizer of the United Mine Workers of America, late yesterday afternoon pleaded guilty to breach of contempt of court, after his case had been pending all day, and many witnesses had testified to his speeches of contempt. He admitted various verbal expressions. Sentence was deferred until today. Gehr was the only person here now charged with contempt, the other 11 alleged violators of the court's injunction being released on their own recognizance.

IF WILSON OBEYS,

Charge Against Him Will Not Be Pushed.

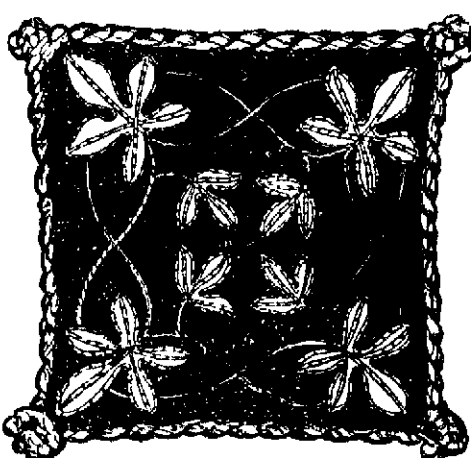
Parkersburg, W. Va., July 26.—Judge Jackson and District Attorney Lizzard gave instructions yesterday to Marshal Elliott not to execute the order for the arrest of W. B. Wilson, secretary of the United Mine Workers' association, now in Indianapolis on charges of disobeying the injunction. The charge will be held up, and if he should come to the Fairmont district to take active part in the strike an arrest on the old warrant can be made.

SUMMER CUSHIONS.

COVERS THAT WILL STAND WEAR
AND ROUGH USAGE.

Denim, Crash or Linen Tinted and
Worked in Floss and Cord—Leaf
Designs Popular—A Burnt Leather
Effect For a Man's Den.

Among the most serviceable as well as pretty coverings for sofa cushions intended for summer use are those made of denim, crash, duck or linen, tinted and stamped to be worked with coarse Roman floss in combination with any of the new cords or braids and to be finished with ribbon ruffles



MAPLE LEAF CUSHION.

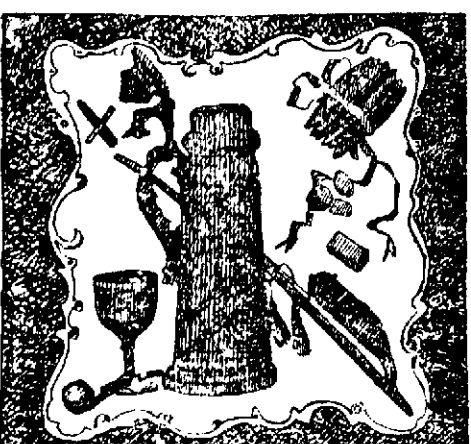
or heavy linen cord. These covers stand considerable wear and rough treatment without materially altering in appearance. When tinting is employed, the colors are laid on in oil printing so that they will not run, even if dampened by dew or rain if left out in the hammock at night or during a shower.

Leaf designs are especially pretty in the tinted work on denim. Of two such patterns one shows oak leaves in delicate green on a darker green ground and the other displays maple leaves in white or pale green on a dark green ground. The one showing the oak leaves has the design bordered with pink cord and the leaves themselves veined with fine fern or featherstitching in roman floss in shades of green and pink. Pink satin ribbon edged with narrow green satin ribbon forms the ruffle of this stylish cover, the real beauty of which cannot be shown in black and white.

The maple leaves are outlined with cord, buttonhole stitched in place with green filo. An odd and effective cord forms the stems and is called spiral cable cord. As will be seen, this is a very simple cushion top to make, but in effect it is charmingly fresh and summery, with its green and white tints. The edge is completed by a heavy white cotton cord, made into knots at the corners.

For a man's summer den or smoking room nothing could be more appropriate than the burnt leather cushion top here pictured. The foundation is light leather colored denim shaded to very dark brown at the edges. The stems, pipes, cigars, etc., are all shaded in brown on the light background and are to be outlined with dark brown floss, as, too, is the scroll border which separates the dark brown edge from the lighter brown center. The general effect desired is that of leather decorated with the very fashionable pyrography work. A pretty and appropriate cord finishing this style of cushion shows different shades of brown. Heavy brown tassels are used for at least one corner of the cushion, which is backed with light or dark brown denim, and when completed is an article which most men would indubitably rather have given them than the dainty cushion of silk or satin, which is far too handsome for use, especially in an atmosphere of pipe and cigar smoke.

It is a fad nowadays to have on the couch or rattan settee a cushion for



FOR A MAN'S DEN.

every day of the week, each differing from its companions in shape, size and materials.

Birthday cushions are another novelty. There is a design for each month of the year, showing the sign of the zodiac, the flower dedicated to that particular month and a rhyme setting forth what the person may expect of fortune.—Designer.

Bad For the Eyes.

If you find yourself blinking your eyes rapidly without any cause, stop it at once or it will grow into an incurable habit that will make your eyesight fall comparatively early in life. Natural blinking is necessary to clear and moisten the eye. The average number of natural blinks is about twenty per minute, but a nervous blinker will get in something like a couple of hundred in a minute in bad cases. The result of this is a big development of the eyelid muscles. It besides involves counter irritation, which acts on the optic nerve and renders us almost daily more weak and irritable. To contract this habit and you will find you cannot bear a strong light or read small type, and the eyes will get worse and worse. The cure consists in keeping the eyes shut for at least ten minutes every hour and bathing the lids in warm water.

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Beecher Hardgrove, of North Mill street, a son.

Albert Wotter has gone to Cambridge Springs, Pa., for a week's visit.

Mr. and Mrs. George Maier and son, of Hicksville, are the guests of Massillon relatives.

A marriage license has been issued to Edward Limbach and Carrie Louise Zepp, of this city.

Mrs. Allen Crowl and daughter, of Lagrange, Ind., are visiting the former's brother, J. Rose.

John Longheir has been called to Buffalo by the sudden death of his mother, Mrs. Anna Longheir.

Mrs. C. A. Gates, Miss Marian Gates and Edwin and Frederick Gates are visitors at Kelly's Island.

The Misses Dorothy Wreden and Jennie Woolley, of Youngstown, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. David Johns.

The Young Ladies' Sodality of St. Joseph's church will hold a lawn festival on the lawn of the church July 29.

Dr. and Mrs. Charles H. Clark, of Washington, D. C., are guests at the home of Mrs. Clark's parents, Mr. and Mrs. I. M. Taggart, in Prospect street.

The annual reunion of the survivors of the 104th O. V. I. will be held here August 13 and 14. J. W. McClymonds is the president of the reunion association, and William Yost is secretary.

Special trains will be run July 30 over the B. & O. to Chippewa lake for the St. John's church excursion. The trains will leave Massillon at 8 o'clock, and returning leave Chippewa lake at 6 o'clock.

Edward Limbach and Miss Carrie Zepp, both of this city, were quietly married on Thursday evening at the home of the Rev. O. P. Foust, pastor of the First Reformed church. Mr. and Mrs. Limbach will go to house-keeping in Wooster street.

Before Justice Riley, at Wellsville, Rodney Griffith, an elder in the Disciple church, at Salineville, was bound over to the grand jury on a charge of malicious libel preferred by the Rev. T. W. Rinehart, late pastor of the church.

Dr. T. Clarke Miller, health officer, says that in order to prevent the spread of malaria water should not be allowed to stand in any vessel, however small. The stagnation of water is always sure to produce mosquitoes and where there are mosquitoes there is always malaria. Dr. Miller says the canal does not breed as many mosquitoes as some people think, as the water is not absolutely stagnant.

Ruth Graham, the four year old daughter of Constable Graham, and her seven year old sister, Hannah, were playing along the edge of the canal Thursday afternoon when the younger girl carelessly reached for a stick floating down the stream, lost her balance and plunged head foremost into the water. As she sank the older sister grabbed her skirt and by vigorous work dragged her out.

The climate and crop bulletin for the month ending July 21 is as follows for Ohio: Heavy rains and high wind last of week delayed harvesting and lodged oats badly; wheat being thrashed, yield much better than expected; corn growing rapidly, though woody in some north counties; oat harvest commenced, yield good; tobacco growing nicely; potatoes and grapes doing well, but rotting somewhat; apples continue dropping; peaches light.

A race between the pacing horses of Constable Sibila, of West Brookfield, and William Bosely, of Canal Fulton, has been arranged to take place August 6 at the fair grounds track. Mr. Sibila says the race will be for \$100 a side. Sibila's horse is now on the track. It is claimed that it does the mile in 2:40. Bosely's horse is accounted fast. It won a match race at Canal Fulton, the other day, easily defeating the horse of Jack Gray, of North Lawrence.

Thursday night while Mrs. M. W. Durnwald, who resides west of Bucyrus, was sitting on the veranda a large raccoon came upon the porch and attacked her. Mrs. Durnwald and her two children fought the animal and she dog also attacked it. The noise attracted Mr. Durnwald from the barn and he killed the animal. Mrs. Durnwald was seriously bitten and lacerated. The children were also wounded. A former case of this kind in the same vicinity resulted in the death of the victim.

Funeral services for the late Mrs. Catherine Holzbach, of Canal Fulton, were held at St. Mary's Catholic church, Thursday morning. The pall bearers were William and George Stover, John and Michael Gill, A. Antz and J. W. Michener, of Fulton. Mrs. Holzbach had many Massillon relatives and friends, having been a resident of this place for many years. Her maiden name was Bast, and her marriage to Mr. Holzbach occurred here. She was 64 years old, and was a native of Bavaria.

TRANSUE TAKES HIS PEN IN HAND.

Writes Few Things About Himself and Others.

THE BOWMAN DISAFFECTION.

Dr. Transue Modestly Admits

That He is a Great Preacher, Scholar and Church Worker

—Miss Bowman Frankly Declares That He is Wrong in His Admissions—A Big Row in Zion Circles.

The Rev. Dr. J. E. Transue, who, in accordance with his wishes, has been returned to the pastorate of the Massillon African Methodist church, yesterday returned from Youngstown, where the district conference was held, and today gave out the following statement:

To the Editor of The Independent:

A great fight at the A. M. E. Zion district conference at Youngstown, O., Friday, July 24th, on the Rev. Dr. Transue, pastor of the A. M. E. Zion church, Massillon, O. Dr. Transue is a great scholar. He is one of the best scholars of the negro race, a great preacher and church worker, and the conference elected him reporter to the city newspaper. He is a great church worker. He has only been in Massillon about eight months, but has built a fine parsonage, paid every cent \$85. This fight came about this way:

There is a member of Dr. Transue's church, by the name of Mary Bowman. It seems as Miss Bowman has been fighting Dr. Transue ever since he has been at that church. But still Miss Bowman is a dear friend to the Rev. G. W. Lewis, presiding elder. He did everything he could that was pleasing to Miss Bowman. The presiding elder wrote Miss Bowman to come to the district conference. This she did it seems to get revenge of some kind. But the presiding elder kept this matter secret from Dr. Transue. Miss Bowman came a day ahead of the Doctor. On the arrival Wednesday morning he found Miss Bowman on the grounds. He goes to the presiding elder and asked him what did this mean by Miss Bowman being at the district conference. Did she come to represent the church? She was not a delegate.

The presiding elder told Dr. Transue that the woman was only there to see him on a matter. She taught school in the state of Kentucky several years ago and the people had not paid her and she wanted him to look after the matter and collect it for her. But when the time came to seat the delegates she stated that she was a delegate. That she was there to represent Dr. Transue by the instruction of the presiding elder and eleven persons and members of that church. The conference referred the presiding elder to the law of the church and that delegates to the district conference are elected by the quarterly conference. So Miss Bowman was ruled out but still she is making every effort to have Dr. Transue removed at once, because the Doctor keeps things straight in his church. She admits that he is a hustling minister and a nice man. The only thing she does not like, the Doctor will have his own way about raising and paying out the money for his church. The Doctor says that is the only way one can succeed in Massillon. The people give the money to him and wife for the building of the parsonage and he would use it in this way. The conference said to Miss Bowman that they could not remove Dr. Transue from Massillon now, as it was her request to move him at once, as there was nothing in her talk, but to go back to Massillon and have an old time Methodist prayer meeting and help to bring a good spirit in the church, that would be better for her. They had a very good conference as most of the pastors were present. The conference adjourned to meet at Bridgewater, Pa.

J. E. TRANSUE, Reporter for District Conference.

Miss Mary Bowman, to whom the Rev. Mr. Transue makes reference in his communication, lives at 27 South West street, and has always been active in the work of the A. M. E. Zion church. She said today:

"Mr. Transue is not a great scholar. He is not one of the best scholars of the negro race. He is not a great preacher and church worker. These are the reasons why I am opposed to him. I admit, however, that Mr. Transue is a great financier. There has been no particular difficulty between the pastor and me, but I simply do not like him, and I frankly admit that I did everything in my

power to prevent his being returned to Massillon. What was the use of his staying here when he doesn't do any good? He has not had one conversion since he has been here, and many people have left the church."

A BOARD OF TRADE.

Canal Fulton Takes a Forward Step.

FORMED WITH 40 MEMBERS.

W. Newton Myers Elected President—The Organization of the Board Was Deemed Necessary to Represent the Town in Negotiations With Industrial Concerns.

Canal Fulton, July 26.—A board of trade was organized at a meeting of business men, Friday evening. Officers elected are: President, W. Newton Myers; vice presidents, C. R. Daily and C. A. Vanderhoof; treasurer, E. E. Shilling; secretary, Prof. J. H. Focht; directors, Victor Morgan, L. M. Billings, A. P. Keller, Dr. J. H. Irwin, Charles Labbe, J. E. Finerock, E. E. Porter, R. F. Myers, Henry Miller, A. G. Spangler, Charles Easley and William Blank. The directors and officers are to constitute an executive committee.

A constitution, in many respects identical with that of the Massillon board of trade, was adopted. Such by-laws as were necessary for organization were also adopted. Messrs. Porter, Finerock and Morgan were appointed a committee to formulate and complete the by-laws.

The board begins its career with a membership of about forty. A committee will call upon business people not present at the meeting and give them an opportunity to join.

The local business world has been stirred into activity by the possibility of securing another industry for the town. Canal Dover people want to locate a factory here.

HE WOULD BE A SHERLOCK HOLMES

Constable Keck Thinks Well of Sleuth "Biz."

WHAT TO DO IN THE COUNTRY.

The Man Who Has the Police Control of Jackson Township Believes That More and Better Work Should be Done in Rural Districts, and That the Doers Should be Better Paid.

J. F. Keck, of McDonaldsville, has been constable of Jackson township for nineteen years, and he figures that in that time the office has yielded him almost \$880.

"So you see it ain't exactly a fat thing," he remarked, Friday, while in Massillon. "Now it'd strike me about right if they'd make this a salary job, pay about \$40 a month or so, then it'd be worth having. But the way it is now, best go fishin'." Last year I made \$80, and some years I didn't make that much, the way fees is now. If it hadn't been for me working at the carpenter trade I could never get along on the job."

Constable Keck is ambitious. He wants to see the rural police and detectives on an equal footing with the wise men of the cities. "We ought to have a system," said he, "that would put us in direct connection with the city police, so that when anything occurs in the township, the word could be passed to us. We could do detective work just as well as the town fellows. I worked on that Race robbery case all alone, and I feel pretty sure I'd got them fellows if a man I depended on to tell me about it hadn't slipped away just when I needed him."

Constable Keck had never heard of Sherlock Holmes, but when methods of Mr. Doyle's great detective were explained to him he was much impressed. He thinks they could be followed successfully in Jackson township, where the Bertillon system of measurements could also be used to good advantage, he thinks.

A son of Constable Keck is the justice of the peace in Jackson township.

Northern Michigan Resorts.

\$7.80 for the round trip to Beulah, Frankfort, Traverse City, Ludington and Manistee, on July 31st, via the Wheeling. Return limit August 15th. Train leaves Massillon at 10:25 a. m.

HOSPITAL NOTES.

Military Band Concert Given Friday Evening.

THE AUDIENCE NUMBERS 800.

Bids for the Erection of New

Buildings to be Opened Aug. 20—Grading Being Pushed Rapidly—Convenience of the Band Stand and Players' Benches—Comings and Goings of Various Employees.

The band concert given by the Military band, under the direction of Harold Howald, at the Massillon state hospital Friday night was listened to by over two hundred Massillonians and over six hundred patients. The inner court was utilized as the concert grounds and lamps were placed in the center of this plot, the patients and visitors surrounding it. Seven numbers were rendered by the band. Special large open cars were run on the street car line for the convenience of the Massillon visitors.

G. M. Esterly has been off duty for the past few days entertaining his son, Dr. George E. Esterly, of Lawrence, Kan., who is enroute to Buffalo to attend the National Physicians' convention. Mrs. Esterly and child are also with him.

The bids for the erection of the buildings will be opened August 20 and the contract awarded. It is expected that the start will be made on the new buildings about September 1st, the infirmary being the first to receive the attention of the contractors.

Dr. Emerick, of the hospital staff, who has been enjoying a ten days' trip up the great lakes, returned Saturday.

Harper and Cooper Russell, of Mt. Vernon, are guests at the residence of Dr. and Mrs. H. O. Eymann.

The monthly report of deaths shows an unusually light death roll. July has as yet produced not a single death, which in itself is unprecedented, as the warm months usually have the highest death rate.

The grading around the buildings is being pushed rapidly and it is hoped that it will be completed before cold weather sets in.

The erection of a band stand and players benches at the hospital ball grounds has greatly added to the convenience of the players as well as beautified the surroundings.

The base ball management has scheduled no game for the coming week but arrangements will probably be made with some strong out of town team for a game Friday afternoon.

A CASE OF IT.

Many More Like It in Massillon.

The following case is but one of many similar occurring daily in Massillon. It is an easy matter to verify its correctness. Surely you cannot ask for better proof than such conclusive evidence.

Mrs. Ezekiel Keller, of 132 Wooster street, says:—"The use of three boxes of Doan's Kidney Pills, bought at Z. T. Bantz's drug store, has given us positive knowledge touching their great value. Because of their proven merit we have taken pleasure in recommending them personally, and have no hesitation in emphatically doing so publicly."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no substitute.

Canton, O., Sept. 4, 1900.

Mr. A. A. Slosser, Dear Sir:—I wish to testify to the merits of your Gall Curo. Am teaming for the Standard Oil Co., and have used your Gall Curo for galled shoulders, and can say it heals very quickly. Therefore, I cheerfully recommend it to the public. Yours truly,

JAMES BOWMAN.

No man can cure consumption. You can prevent it though. Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup cures coughs, colds, bronchitis, sore throat. Never fails.

Cures croup, sore throat, pulmonary troubles—Monarch over pain of every sort. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil.

SEVEN GREAT SCHOOLS THE MOLER SYSTEM OF COLLEGES

300 CANTON ST. NEW YORK CITY. 115 WASHINGTON AVE. CHICAGO, ILL. 115 W. MARKET ST. ST. LOUIS, MO. 115 W. 4TH AVE. MINNEAPOLIS, MINN. 115 W. 1ST ST. OMAHA, NEB. 115 W. 1ST ST. BUFFALO, N.Y. 115 W. 1ST ST. SAN FRANCISCO, CALIF.

JOBERLIN Business College

A FINE OFFER For 10c. cost of mailing, we will send our 60c Compendium of Penmanship to anyone intending to enter a Business College. A Fine Illustrated Prospectus free. Address Dept. 6, Oberlin Business College, Oberlin, Ohio.

SINFUL HABITS IN YOUTH
MAKE NERVOUS, WEAK, DISEASED MEN.
The result of ignorance and folly in youth, overexertion of mind and body induced by lust and exposure are constantly wrecking the lives and future happiness of thousands of promising young men. Some fade and wither at an early age, at the bloom of manhood, while others are forced to drag out a weary, fruitless and melancholy existence. Others reach matrimony but find no solace or comfort there. The victims are found in all stations of life—the farm, the office, the workshop, the pulpit, the trades and the professions. Nervous Debility and Seminal Weakness are guaranteed cured by our New Method Treatment or No Pay. You run no risk. 25 years in Ohio. Bank security.
CURED WHEN ALL ELSE FAILED. No names used without written consent.
"I am 33 years of age and married. When young I led a gay life. Early indiscretions and later excesses made trouble for me. I became weak and nervous. My kidney became affected and I feared Bright's Disease. Married Life was unsatisfactory and my home unhappy. I tried everything—all failed till I took treatment from Drs. Kennedy & Kergan. Their New Method built me up mentally, physically and sexually. I feel and act like a man in every respect. They treated me six years ago. They are honest, skillful and responsible financially, so why patronize Quacks and Fakirs when you can be cured by reliable doctors."—W. A. Belton.
CURES GUARANTEED OR NO PAY. Consultation Free—Books Free—Question Blank Free for Home Treatment.
Drs. Kennedy & Kergan, 247 Superior St., Cleveland, O.

HUMBERGERS'

The place where you always find the swellest goods at the very lowest selling prices. Our lines of Summer Materials are very attractive, and the prices we marked them make them very interesting to the customers. All the new weaves are shown in

Our Summer and Washable Goods Department.

"Polka Spot Swisses" in light blue, green, pink, tan, white, navy and black. We save you \$1.20 on every 12-yard pattern. These goods are worth 25c a yard, and we have reduced them to.....**15c yard**

The new thing for a Washable Skirt is the Durban Cloth; our price is.....**12c yard**

Half Wool Satin Stripe Challies at **21c** a yard for Waists. All Wool 75c Challies at **39c** a yard. Patterns suitable for

Waists, Kimonas and House Wrappers. These are the greatest values ever placed before you at.....**39c yard**

Remember, we can show you the prettiest line of Ladies' and Gents' Neckwear. Just the right thing for the new collars.

Much rainy weather predicted for a long time to come. Better get one of those pretty Colored Silk Umbrellas and keep dry. Our line of Umbrellas is the most complete in the city. We also re-cover umbrellas while you wait.

The August Fashion Sheets and Patterns of the ever popular New Idea are now in stock; any size and pattern. **10c each**

Get a New Idea Monthly Magazine, only **5c** a copy, and keep in touch with the fashions of the world.

HUMBERGERS'

WARWICK BLOCK, MASSILLON.

OH HOW DELIGHTFUL!
The Perfect Deodorizer and Disinfectant
FRAGRINE
Refreshes. Perfumes. Invigorates. Endorsed by Physicians.
Most Pleasant of Toilet Requisites.
Most healthful of Household Necessities. Call and try it at
For sale by **W. M. John, Funeral Director,** 45 S. Erie Street, Both Phones 162

INDEPENDENT WANT COLUMNS

Articles lost and found, houses to let or desired, help wanted, situation wanted, real estate bulletins and kindred announcements are more certain to produce results if advertised under this head than by any other means. Copy must be left not later than 11 a. m. to insure insertion the same day. Three publications of not more than 4 printed lines for 25 cents

WANTED.
BAKER—An all round baker; single man desired, call at our office write Address Mrs. Wm Hobbs, Clinton, O.
GIRL—A good girl for general housework. Mrs. G. L. Albrecht, 39 Prospect St.
GIRL—Experienced in general housework. Inquire at 119 W. Main street.

FOR SALE.
BRICK house, corner Charles and Hill Sts.; 6 rooms, 7 foot cellar, gas for heating and lighting, taxes on immediately. Price, \$2,500. S. Burd, over 7 E. Main St.
HOUSE—Good 8 room house on Albright street, 2nd house off East South street. Price \$2,200. S. Burd, over 7 East Main St.
HOUSE—Seven room house on S. East St., all modern improvements and very convenient; cheap; terms easy. For information call at law office of H. K. H. & Howells, 14 S. Erie St.
LOTS—One lot 56x155 feet on Shriver St., nice location; two lots on 1 Lincoln ave., large and level. Bummerlin Bros., piano manufacturers, Main and Factory Sts.
LAND—19 acres of land, 1 1/2 miles north of west from the city, only \$1,800. If you want it come at once, as it won't be on the market long at this price. S. Burd, over 7 East Main St.
WORK BENCH—Pattern or cabinet work also a foot mortise in good order; will be sold cheap. Inquire at 47 W. Main St. S. L. Myers.

FOR RENT.
FOUR large rooms over Schworm's grocery, suitable for light housekeeping; gas and water. Apply to Mrs. Emma D. Albright, 26 S. East street.
ROOM—A furnished room centrally located. Inquire at 47 W. Main street.

LOST.
LOCKET—On Saturday or Sunday, a gold locket with initial E. B. D. between square and Meyer's Lake. Finder please return to Delheim's store and receive reward.
NECKLACE—A child's gold necklace, on Tuesday evening at the Stigenbauer lawn fête. The finder on returning it to Pastor Lose will be rewarded.

Read the "wants" columns daily

If there is anything you need in the way of

OFFICE SUPPLIES

Call at Bahney's Book Store.

Blank Books, Filing Devices, Pens, Pencils, Inks, Blotters, Paper Fasteners, Indexes, Special Ruled Books, Time Books, Roll Books, Invoice Books, Trial Balance Books, Bills Payable and Receivable Books, Blank Notes Drafts and Receipts.

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